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| **CHARACTERISTICS** |
| Morphology | Rod-shaped gram-negative bacteria. |
| Disease | Pneumonia, urinary tract infections, wound infections,soft tissue infections, secondary meningitis,nosocomial infections. |
| Zoonosis | None. |

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| **HEALTH HAZARDS** |
| Host Range | Humans. |
| Modes of Transmission | Poses very little risk to healthy individuals. People who have weakened immune systems are at risk. Can be spread to susceptible persons by person-to-person contact with contaminated surfaces. |
| Signs and Symptoms | Causes a variety of diseases ranging from pneumonia to serious blood or wound infections. |
| Infectious Dose | unknown |
| Incubation Period | unknown |

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| **MEDICAL PRECAUTIONS/TREATMENT** |
| Prophylaxis | None available. |
| Vaccines | None available. |
| Treatment | Treatment with imipenem or meropenem, but a steady rise in carbapenem resistance has been reported. Consequently, treatment methods often fall on polymyxins, such as colistin. |
| Surveillance | Monitor for symptoms. |
| MSU Requirements | Report any exposures |

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| **LABORATORY HAZARDS** |
| Laboratory Acquired Infections (LAIs)  | None have been reported. |
| Sources | Aquatic environments, sputum, respiratory secretions, wounds, and urine. Cultures, frozen stocks, other samples described in IBC protocol. |

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| **RISK GROUP & CONTAINMENT REQUIREMENTS** |
| Risk Group 2 | Agents that are associated with human diseasewhich is rarely serious and for which preventive ortherapeutic interventions are often available. |
| BSL2 | For all procedures involving suspected or known infectious specimen or cultures. |
| ABSL2 | For all procedures utilizing infected animals. |

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| **VIABILITY** |
| Disinfection | Susceptible to 1:10 bleach:water, 70 % ethanol, and 2 % formaldehyde, accelerated hydrogen peroxide |
| Inactivation | Inactivated by moist heat (15 minutes at 121oC) and dry heat (1 hour at 160-170oC). |
| Survival Outside Host | Survives in the environment for long periods of time. |

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| **SUPPLEMENTAL REFERENCES** |
| Canadian MSDS: | <http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/lab-bio/res/psds-ftss/index-eng.php> |
| BMBL | <https://www.cdc.gov/labs/BMBL.html>  |
| CDC | <https://www.cdc.gov/hai/organisms/acinetobacter.html>  |
| NIH Guidelines | <https://osp.od.nih.gov/wp-content/uploads/NIH_Guidelines.pdf>  |

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| **SPILL PROCEDURES** |
| Small | Notify others working in the lab. Remove PPE and don new PPE. Cover area of the spill with absorbent material and add fresh 1:10 bleach:water. Allow 20 minutes (or as directed) of contact time. After 20 minutes, cleanup and dispose of materials. |
| Large | * Immediately notify all personnel in the lab and clear all personnel from the area. Remove any contaminated PPE/clothing and leave the lab.
* Secure the area by locking doors, posting signage and guarding the area to keep people out of the space.

For assistance, contact MSU's Biosafety Officer (406-994-6733) or Safety and Risk Management (406-994-2711). |

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| **EXPOSURE PROCEDURES** |
| Mucous membrane | Flush eyes, mouth, or nose for 5 minutes at eyewash station. |
| Other Exposures | Wash area with soap and water for 5 minutes. |
| Reporting | Immediately report incident to supervisor, complete a [First Report of Injury](https://firstreportinjury.mus.edu/) form, and submit to Safety and Risk Management. |
| Medical Follow-up | **During business hours:**Bridger Occupational Health 3400 Laramie Drive Weekdays 8am -6pm. Weekends 9am-5pm406-577-7674**After business hours:**Bozeman Deaconess Hospital Emergency Room915 Highland Blvd |

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| **PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)** |
| Minimum PPE Requirements | Lab coat, disposable gloves, safety glasses, closed toed shoes, long pants |
| Additional Precautions | Additional PPE may be required depending on lab specific SOPs and IBC Protocol. |